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University education at Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, University of Baghdad, 1984. -Master degree , Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, University of Khartoum, 1987. -Ph D degree , Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, University of Khartoum, 1997. -Post doctoral studies in Tuebingen, Germany, 2001-2003. Professional experience: 1984-1989: Veterinary Officer, Northern State, Sudan.. 1989-1995: Research Scientist, Central Veterinary Research Laboratories, Animal Resources Research Corporation, Soba. 1995-1997: Lecturer, Department of Microbiology, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, University of Khartoum. 1997-2000: Assistant Professor. 2000-2005: Associate Professor. - Secretary, Faculty Research Board, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, University of Khartoum, 1999 – 2001. Post doctoral fellow, Federal Research Center for Virus Diseases of Animals, Tuebingen, Germany, 2001-2003. May 2004: promoted to Full Professor. Head, Department of Microbiology, November 2006- March 2007. Director, Camel Research Center, University of Khartoum, March 2007-. Present Job: Director, Camel Research Center, University of Khartoum. Secretary of ISOCARD.

Publications related to Camelid (Last ten years)

1. Ali, Y.H; Khalafalla, A.I; El Amin, M.A; Peenze, I & Steele, A.D (2005). Rotavirus-Associated Camel Calf Diarrhoea in Sudan. Journal of Animal and Veterinary Advances 4 (3): 401-406.
2. Ali, Y.H; Khalafalla, A.I & El Amin, M.A (2005). Epidemiology of camel calf diarrhea in Sudan: Seroprevalence of camel rotavirus infection. Journal of Animal and Veterinary Advances 4 (3): 393-397.
3. Khalafalla, A.I; M.Büttner and H.-J. Rziha (2005). Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) for rapid diagnosis and differentiation of para-and orthopox virus infections in camels. Applications of Gene-Based Technologies for Improving

Animal Production and Health in Developing Countries, pp 335-342.
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4. Ali, Y.H; A.I.Khalafalla; M.E.Gaffar; I. Peenze & A.D.Steele (2004). Detection and isolation of group A rotavirus from camel calves in Sudan. Proceedings of the 11th International Conference of the Association of International Tropical Veterinary Medical Institutes, August, 23-27, 2004, Sunway Lagoon Resort Hotel, PJ, Malaysia, pp 302-304.
5. Khalafalla, A.I (2004). Biological properties of camel contagious ecthyma virus. Proceedings of the 11th International Conference of the Association of International Tropical Veterinary Medical Institutes, August, 23-27, 2004, Sunway lagoon Resort Hotel, PJ, Malaysia, pp 278-280.
6. El Hassan. O.M., A.I.Khalafalla, S.M.El Hassan (2004). Detection of antibodies against camel contagious ecthyma in Sudan using passive hemagglutination test (PHT). *Journal of Animal and Veterinary Advances* 3 (6) 381-387.
7. Khalafalla, A.I; G.A. El Dirdiri (2003). Laboratory and field investigation of live attenuated and inactivated camelpox vaccines *Journal of camel Practice and Research*.10 No.2, 191-200.
8. Khalafalla, A.I (2000) Camel contagious ecthyma: Risks in young calves . *Revue Elev.vet. Pays trop* 53 (2);173-176.